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GRAND MERE NURSERY

E.W. DUNHAM, Proprietor.

BARODA, MICHIGAN.

1911

Announcement

1912

To those who are unacquainted with us we desire to say that we have been in the nursery business for twenty years. We have Two Hundred acres devoted to the growing of nursery stock, fruit and farming. We solicit correspondence and inspection of our stock.

Our nursery business last season, especially the shipping trade, increased over the previous years. For this we are indebted to our satisfied customers, many of whom have sent their friends to us with orders. We fully appreciate such confidence and good will.

To those who deal with us we assure you we shall always try to give you no cause to regret sending us your orders or recommending us to your friends.

We aim to keep in stock every thing for the planter, all graded to the best standard which is now best known to the trade. Through our immense business and our wide acquaintance we have established a reputation for accuracy in varieties, grading to the highest standard, and promptness in filling orders packed in the best possible manner to insure carrying through in good condition of which we are proud, and which it will always be our aim to deserve.

We have a large home trade here selling thousands of dollars worth of nursery stock to farmers in this vicinity who drive into our grounds, and take the stock with them, often in large loads.

To those living near St. Joseph, Michigan: We will be represented by James M. Hetler and will have nursery stock at his farm three miles south of St. Joseph, on Washington Avenue, Phone No. 607 2R from St. Joseph. To those living near Stevensville, Michigan: We will be represented by Frank P. Cupp and will have nursery stock at his farm one-half mile north of Stevensville. Phone No. 706, 1 long 2 short rings.

We make a specialty of growing grape vines in large quantities and have a large stock of Concords, Moore's Early and Campbell's Early, with a fair stock of other varieties listed. We have had a good growing season and vines have made a good growth. They are strong and thrifty and are sure to give satisfaction to the planter.

Location.—We are one mile east of Baroda, which is eleven miles south of St. Joseph, Michigan, on the Michigan Central Railroad. We get a direct line to all parts of the country at lowest rates and shortest time. We have the American Express for Express shipments.

Ordering.—In ordering give specific directions as to whether the stock is to be shipped by freight or express, giving route. Where there are no directions given, we ship to the best of our judgement, but assume no risk. After stock has been delivered to railroad station or express office our responsibility ceases.

Orders.—Write your order on sheet separate from letter, please. It is much handier for us. Order while our list of varieties is complete. In case we are out of a variety we will substitute another of equal merit, unless you say not to, always taking care to please you and labeling true to name.

For the protection of our customers.—The nurseries have been inspected in accordance with the state laws, and a certificate issued, showing that our stock and premises are entirely free from obnoxious pests or diseases.

Fumigation.—Our stock will be fumigated with hydrocyanic acid gas, so there will be no danger of scale or insects.

Guarantee.—All our stock is true to name and carefully labeled; yet while we use the greatest care to do this, we will not be held responsible for any sum greater than the cost of the stock, should any prove otherwise than as represented. We warrant our stock to reach customers in good condition, if sent by mail or express.

Reference.—We refer you to The Commercial National Bank St. Joseph, Mich., Union Banking Co., St. Joseph, Mich.; Bradstreet Commercial Agencies, or any business man of Baroda, Michigan.

When making out your order do so on the order sheet mailed in the catalog; do not mix it with the letter. If you have any special directions, place them on the order sheet naming the road or express company you wish us to use. Otherwise we will use the best route laid down in the Shipper's Guide.

All inquiries cheerfully answered, but please make them short and to the point.

If more than one catalogue is received, please hand to some neighbor and oblige. Also, if you have neighbors (fruit growers) that you would think would like our catalogue, if you will send a few names on a postal card we will mail them one and **will send you a few plants for your trouble.**

Shipping season begins about October first in Fall, in Spring, April first or possibly last week in March, and continues to about the 1st to 10th of May.

Terms.—One-fourth cash with order, balance before stock is shipped. Or will ship C. O. D., if one-half of the amount accompanies the order and purchaser will agree to pay return charges on the money.

Remittances may be made either by New York or Chicago Draft, post-office or express order, or where none of these may be had, by registered letter.

Claims.—If any, should be brought to our attention immediately after receipt of goods for correction. Complaints offered after the goods have been in the hands of the purchasers ten days cannot be entertained.

Prices subject to change without notice. Those desiring stock in large quantities write for special prices.

We offer the following stock for Fall and Spring. Prices are F. O. B. on cars at our station, by Express or Freight only. Boxing and Packing Free.

Six at 12, 50 at 100, and 400 at 1,000 rates.

Enos W. Dunham

Grand Mere Nurseries

Baroda, Michigan

Telephones.

Office.

Bell Phone—No. 72 1 Long 1 Short ring,
Berrien Springs Exchange.

Home Phone—No. 9 1 Long 2 Short
rings, Baroda and Berrien Springs Ex-
changes.

Herbert C. Brown, Foreman,

Bell Phone—No. 72 3 Short 1 Long ring.

Home Phone—No. 9 2 Short 1 Long
ring.

Customers in Berrien County who wish to order by telephone can have charges re-versed and we will pay the telephone bill.

(Copy)

(Act 91, Laws of Michigan, 1905.)

STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE.

No. 1914

East Lansing, Mich., Aug. 4 1911.

Enos W. Dunham, proprietor of nurseries located at Baroda, State of Michigan, having complied with the provisions of Act 91, Laws of Michigan, 1905, and deposited with the Secretary of the State Board of Agriculture a fee of Five Dollars, together with bond required by said Act, and certificate of inspection having been filed, is hereby authorized to sell nursery stock in the State of Michigan for the year ending August 1, 1912.

THE STATE BOARD OF AGRICULTURE,

A. W. Brown, Secy.

(Copy)

CERTIFICATE OF NURSERY INSPECTION.

No.—

This is to certify that I have examined the nursery stock of E. W. Dunham and find it apparently free from dangerous insects and dangerous contagious tree and plant diseases.

This certificate to be void after July 31, 1912.

R. L. TAFT,

State Inspector of Nurseries and Orchards.

Agricultural College Mich., Sept. 1, 1911.

Apples and Crabs

The following list are all well tested sorts, and we believe the best for general planting and marketing use. Apple trees will thrive on nearly all well drained soil. Give them care and spray in due season, and they will surely be a profit to the grower.

First Class, 5 to 7 ft., $\frac{3}{4}$ -in. and up, each 40c; per 12, \$4.00; per 100, \$30.00.

Select Medium, 4 to 6 ft., $\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ -in., each, 30c; per 12, \$3.00; per 100, \$25.00.

Light Medium, 3 to 5 ft., $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{5}{8}$ -in., each, 25c; per 12, \$2.50; per 100, \$20.00.

Summer Apples

Red Astrachan.—Large, beautiful, deep crimson, and is a good bearer, and magnificent grower, large, rather smooth and round. Season. July and August.

Yellow Transparent.—One of the earliest yellow apples. Very valuable on that account, as it is ready for market ten days ahead of Early Harvest. Above medium size, beautiful in appearance, with a firm flesh and a crisp subacid flavor. Tree is a vigorous grower and good bearer. July.

Sweet Bough.—Very large, pale yellow, Season, August.

Duchess of Oldenberg.—A Russian variety of good size; of good shape, and beautifully striped with red. One of the best keepers for summer apples. Season, August.

Tetofsky.—Medium, yellow, striped red. Acid. Good, early bearer. Season, August.

Autumn Apples

Alexander.—Very large, beautiful red.

Fall Pippin.—Very large, roundish, skin smooth, yellowish green, becoming rich yellow when ripe, valuable for cooking and market.

Maiden Blush.—A most valuable variety for table, as its brilliant color makes it a decided ornament. A handsome, rapid growing tree, with a wide spreading head. Very prolific, fruit of medium size, and regular shape.

Rambo.—One of the oldest varieties, and one of the most profitable for early marketing. The fruit is rather medium in size, of a pale greenish yellow, streaked with red on the sunny side. Early September.

Red Beitigheimer.—Large, yellow, shaded red; flesh white, juicy, with a brisk subacid flavor.

Winter Apples

Ben Davis.—Large, handsome, striped. Valuable.

Baldwin.—An old favorite. Large, deep red, very juicy, and good flavor. A heavy bearer and good keeper.

Banana.—Fine, vigorous grower, large healthy foliage, early bearer, fruit medium to large, smooth and handsome, golden yellow, usually shaded bright crimson, flesh,

fine grained, rich, subacid, highest quality. One of the best dessert apples, easily grown, a good shipper.

Fameuse (Snow).—Medium deep crimson, flesh white and best quality, and early bearer.

Grimes Golden.—Of high quality. A bright and yellow apple which grows and bears well in every section of the country. Very productive.

Golden Russet.—Medium dull russet, crisp and juicy.

Gideon.—Vigorous, early and prolific bearer, medium golden yellow, fine, juicy, subacid.

Hubbardston.—Large, striped yellow and red, tender, juicy and fine; strong grower and good bearer.

Jonathan.—Medium size, bright red, flesh white and very juicy, subacid, moderately rich, keeps well through the winter, very productive, succeeds well in most localities.

King.—The largest size, most beautiful, shade of red, striped with crimson, excellent quality and flavor. The tree is a hardy and vigorous grower, and abundant bearer.

Mammoth Black Twig.—Large, dark red, hardy and productive, vigorous grower.

Mann.—Medium to large, yellow, mild, subacid.

Northern Spy.—Large, striped, mild subacid and tender, with a rich delicious flavor. One of the best growers.

Northwest Greening.—Hardy, yellow, rich, of good size, and extra long keeper.

Stark.—Large, striped light and red, juicy, mild and subacid. An early and abundant bearer.

Twenty Ounce.—Very large, yellow and red. A valuable fruit for market, very productive. Out.

Talman Sweet.—Medium, yellow and red, rich.

Wagner.—Good size, deep red in the sun, flesh firm, subacid, excellent.

Wealthy.—Large, red, subacid, flesh white, fine grained, tender and juicy. Early bearer. Tree is healthy, hardy and productive.

Wolf River.—A handsome apple, originated near Wolf River, Wisconsin. Fruit large greenish-yellow, shaded with red or crimson. Flesh white, juicy, pleasant, mild, subacid. Tree strong and a great bearer.

Wine Sap.—Medium, deep red, firm, crisp, rich, subacid. Widely cultivated.

York Imperial (Johnson's Fine Winter).—One of the finest apples in existence; of medium size, shaded with crimson on the sunny side, thickly sprinkled with gray dots. Flesh yellowish, firm, crisp, juicy and mildly subacid. A splendid keeper, and equally valuable for the table or cooking. Tree is vigorous and very productive.



Baldwin

Crab Apples

Hyslop.—Large, deep crimson, one of the most beautiful of Crabs, very popular.

General Grant.—Large, roundish oblate;

yellow, with stripes of dark red, almost black on the sunny exposures; flesh white, moderately fine grained, mild, subacid flavor. September to October.

Standard Pears

Prices

First class, 5 to 7 ft., $\frac{3}{4}$ in., and up, each, 40c; per 12, \$3.50; per 100 \$22.00.

Select Medium, 4 to 6 ft., $\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ in.,

each, 35c; per 12, \$3.00; per 100 \$17.00

Light medium, 3 to 4 ft., $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{5}{8}$ -in., each, 25c; per 12, \$2.50; per 100 \$15.00.

Pears should always be picked ten days before they are ripe and laid away in a cool place. They need care and attention when they will respond most liberally.

The range of varieties is such that they can be had in good eating condition from August until mid-winter.

Bartlett.—An old standard variety, and hard to beat, large size, buttery, very juicy, quality the best, colored next to the sun. Tree is a fair grower, and bears abundantly. Ripens about last of August.

Clapps Favorite.—Large, pale yellow, melting and juicy, earlier than Bartlett, a well known variety; tree is a vigorous grower. Ripens in August.

Clairgeau.—Large size, early bearing. Its productiveness and great beauty makes this one of the most valuable market sorts. October and November.

Garber.—Very much like Kieffer in shape and size, but is two or three weeks earlier. Bright yellow with faint blush, tender, sweet and juicy, immensely productive, and bears when very young.

Howell.—Large yellow, with red cheek, rich, sweet and melting; earlier bearer, productive. September and Oct.

Kieffer.—Large size, handsome appearance and remarkable keeping and shipping qualities make it exceedingly profitable for market. October and November.

Seckel.—Small, skin rich yellowish brown when fully ripe, with deep brownish red cheeks, flesh very fine grained, sweet, exceedingly juicy, melting, buttery; one of the richest and highest flavored pears known. Tree a moderate grower. Sept. and Oct.

Sheldon.—Medium size, yellow, with a richly shaded cheek, flesh a little coarse, melting, juicy, with a very brisk, vinous highly perfumed flavor; of fine quality.

Tree vigorous, erect, and handsome, hardy and productive.

Worden Seckel.—A seedling of the Seckel, equal in quality to its famous parent, which it much resembles in flavor, while in size, color, form and appearance it is decidedly a superior. Tree hardy and an enormous bearer. Fruit keeps well, retaining its quality to the last. October.

Wilder.—Small to medium, yellow, shaded carmine, fine grained, tender, subacid. Vigorous grower, early and annual bearer, very productive, good quality. Early August.

Rossney.—Ripens about two weeks after Bartlett; averages larger, excellent keeper and shipper, uniform size, shape and color, one of the handsomest; creamy skin with crimson blush; flesh melting, juicy, sweet and tender, of superior flavor. A vigorous grower hardy both in wood and fruit bud, and very productive. Combines excellent quality with large size, fine form and superior shipping qualities.

DWARF PEARS.

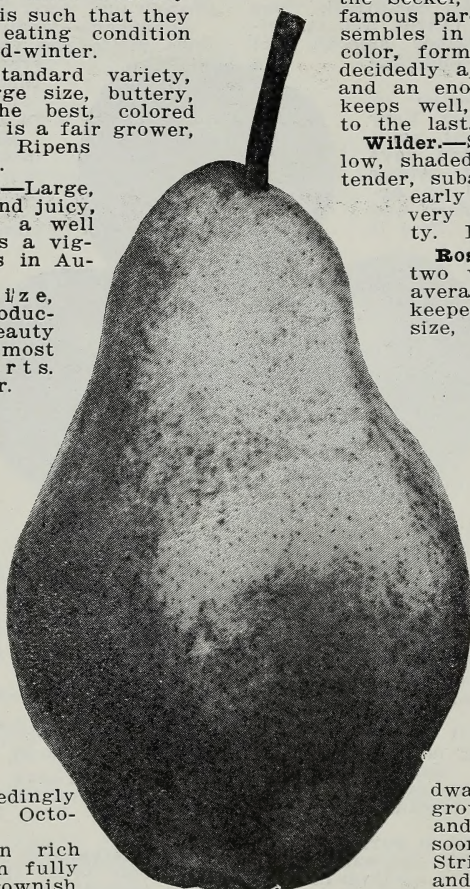
We have the Duch-
ess d'Angouleme
and Louise Bonne
on the dwarf stock
which two varieties
do the best as
dwarfs. Dwarf pears are
grown on quince stock,
and come into bearing
sooner than the standards.
Strict attention to them
and high cultivation will
result in a magnificent
yield of fruit. The size

of the tree makes them valuable on account of the ease of collecting the fruit and spraying.

Prices.

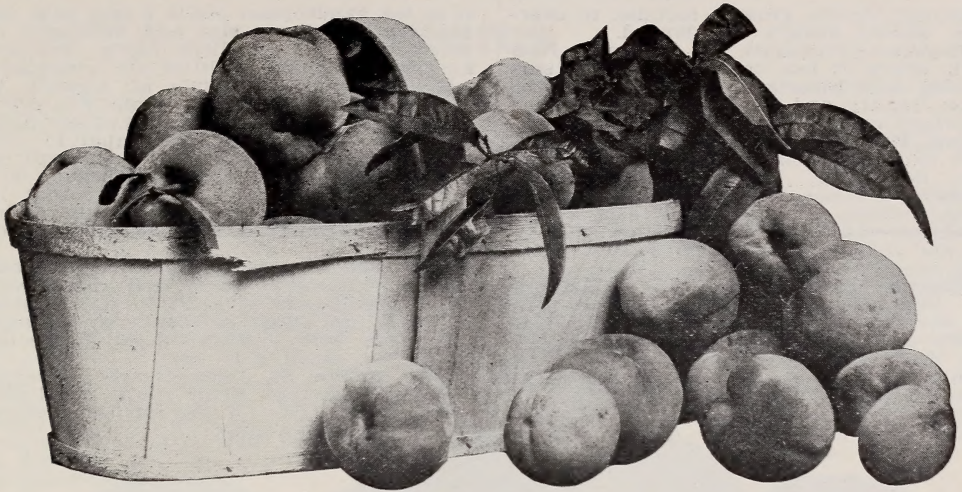
$\frac{3}{4}$ -in., up, each, 25c; per 12, \$2.50; per 100, \$12.00.

$\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$ -in., each, 20c; per 12, \$2.00; per 100, \$10.00.



Bartlett

Order Early While List of Varieties is Complete



Elberta

Peaches

The peach requires a well drained soil, a warm sandy or gravelly loam is well suited to preserve a healthy growth, and should be fertilized and kept in cultivation. Ashes, potash and bone are excellent fertilizers, though the tree will respond excellently to any fair dressing material. Each year's growth should be shortened after the wood is ripe, to make the tree stronger, better shape and more vigorous. In trimming trees to plant use a sharp knife, cut all bruised roots off three inches from tree; cut tree off about three feet from bud or ground according to the height you like.

First class, 9-16 and up, each 25c; per 12, \$2.50; per 100, \$12.00; per 1,000, \$100.00

Select Medium, 7-16 to 9-16, each 20c; per 12, \$2.00; per 100, \$10.00; per 1,000, \$80.00.

Light Medium, 3-8 to 7-16, each, 15c; per 12, \$1.50; per 100, \$6.00.

Admiral Dewey.—Ripens with Triumph, better form and color, stronger grower, hardy and productive. July.

Barnard.—Medium, yellow, juicy and rich, hardy and productive. Early Sept.

Beers Smock.—A large yellow flesh peach, an improvement on Smock's Free which it resembles, ripens a few days later and is a better annual bearer. One of the most desirable and profitable market sorts. Last of September and first of October.

Banner.—Tree a good grower, exceedingly hardy in both wood and buds, bears young, is very productive. Fruit large. Deep yellow with crimson cheek. Flesh yellow, excellent quality, rich, firm, equal to any as a keeper and shipper. A profitable late market variety. Last of Sept.

Belle (Belle of Georgia)—Very large; skin white with red cheek; flesh white, firm and of excellent flavor. Tree a rapid grower, very prolific; fine shipper. Ripens with Crawford's Early.

Crosby.—One of the hardiest, abundant bearers, medium quality, bright yellow, fine quality. Middle of September.

Carman.—Large, resembles Elberta in shape; color, creamy white or pale yellow

with deep blush; skin very tough, flesh tender, fine flavor and quite juicy; one of the hardiest. Ripens with Early Rivers.

Champion.—A large, handsome early variety, creamy white with red cheek, sweet, rich and juicy. Hardy and productive. August.

Crawford's Early.—A magnificent large yellow peach of good quality. Early in September.

Engel's Mammoth.—Large, yellow, resembles late Crawford, more productive. September.

Elberta.—Large, yellow, with red cheek. Flesh yellow, firm, juicy. Exceedingly prolific, sure bearer and hardy. The leading market variety. Middle of September.

Fitzgerald.—Fruit large, brilliant color, suffused with red. Flesh deep yellow, best quality. Early September.

Greensboro.—The largest and most beautifully colored of all early varieties. Double the size of Alexander, ripening at the same time. Flesh white, juicy and good July.

Gold Drop.—Medium size, hardy, very productive, good quality, early bearer. Last of September.

Hill's Chili.—Medium, dull yellow, extra hardy and productive. Last of September.

Kalamazoo.—A leading market sort. Large, yellow, fine quality, extra productive and profitable. First of September.

Lemon Free.—Lemon shaped and colored. Large size, immensely productive. Excellent quality. Last of September.

Lewis.—Earliest white freestone. Remarkably hardy and productive. August.

Marshall.—Large, yellow, immensely productive. October.

Mayflower.—A new peach from North Carolina where it has been fruited in commercial orchards for the past four years. It is a week earlier than the Sneed, heretofore the earliest peach known. Unlike Sneed and the other early varieties it is a red peach, absolutely red all over, even before it gets ripe enough to ship. Carries to market in fine shape and sells well as it is the only peach that is well colored.

A strong, thrifty grower, inclined to overbear, should always be thinned.

Niagara.—Originated in western New York where it has been well tested, surpassing both Elberta and Crawford in size, color, quality and vigor. Ripens between Crawford and Elberta.

New Prolific.—Large, attractive, firm, flesh yellow, fine flavor, hardy and productive. September.

Reeves.—Large, yellow, with red cheek; juicy, melting. A good hardy sort. Sept.

Salway.—Large, creamy yellow, crimson and red cheek, flesh deep yellow, juicy, rich, sweet. October.

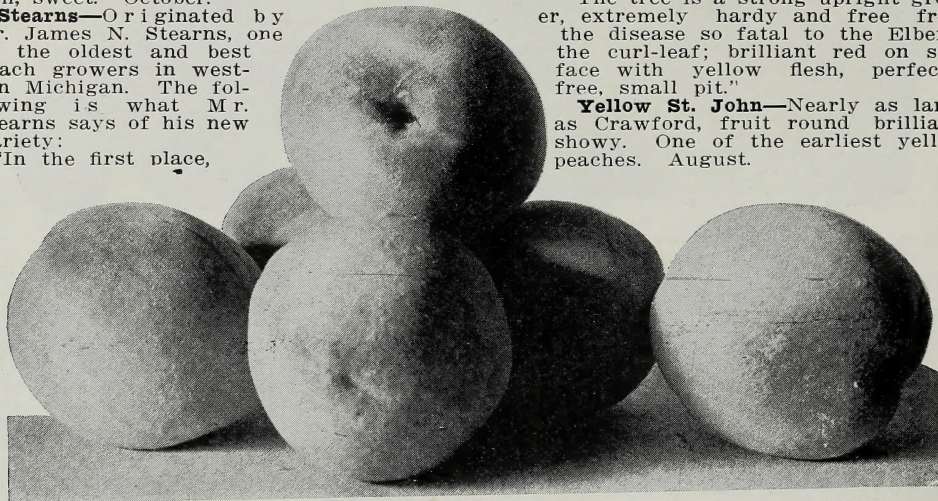
Stearns.—Originated by Mr. James N. Stearns, one of the oldest and best peach growers in western Michigan. The following is what Mr. Stearns says of his new variety:

"In the first place,

it is the handsomest peach I ever saw, because of its form, size and brilliancy of color, while its excellent flavor, firmness and good shipping qualities are unsurpassed. I shipped a couple of bushels to North Dakota and they wrote me every peach arrived just as fine as when picked from the tree. In size equal to the Elberta, if properly thinned, much superior to this sort in quality and beauty and more than four times as hardy; that is, I get four good crops from this where I get one from the Elberta; planted side by side.

"The tree is a strong upright grower, extremely hardy and free from the disease so fatal to the Elberta, the curl-leaf; brilliant red on surface with yellow flesh, perfectly free, small pit."

Yellow St. John.—Nearly as large as Crawford, fruit round brilliant, showy. One of the earliest yellow peaches. August.



Champion

Mulberries

New American.—Very large, black, handsome sweet, trees hardy, vigorous grower, er, very productive, the best variety, for fruit ripens from middle of June to middle of September. 4 to 5 ft., each 50c.

Russian.—Very hardy, vigorous grower, fruit small size, varies in color from white to black. 4 to 5 ft., each 30c.

Apricots

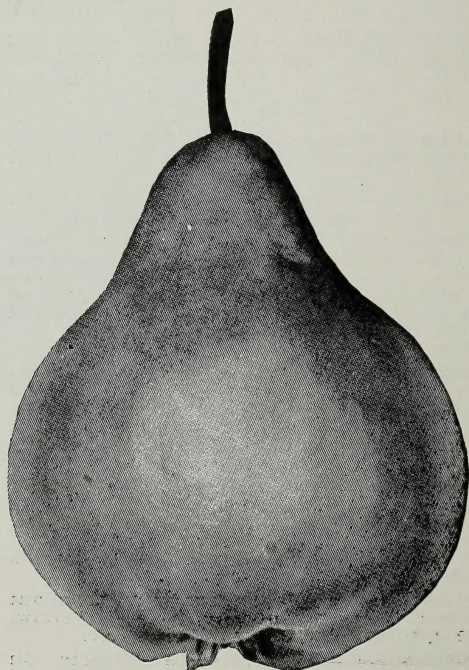
Superb.—Fruit uniformly large, about the size of the Orleans plum; oval in shape color bright yellow with yellow bluish. Quality the best; very juicy and rich, ripening about July 20th, and very productive. It is as hardy as any apricot known. Planted largely in New York; it is proving very hardy, prolific and profitable.

Quinces

Champion.—A prolific and constant bearer, fruit averaging as large as orange and more productive, more oval in shape, quality equally fine, and a long keeper; bears extremely young. Ripens late. 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; \$4.00 per doz; \$30.00 per 100. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$3.00 per doz; \$25.00 per 100.

Bourgeat.—Tree a remarkably strong grower, surpassing all others, yielding immense crops, fruiting at 3 to 4 years in nursery rows. Fruit of largest size, round, rich golden color; smooth, very tender when cooked; has been kept until February in good condition.

Orange.—Large, bright yellow, of excellent flavor. 3 to 4 ft., 40c each; \$4.00 per doz; \$30.00 per 100. 2 to 3 ft., 30c each; \$3.00 per doz; \$25.00 per 100.



Champion Quince

Plums

First Class, $\frac{3}{4}$ and up, 2-yr., 40c each; \$3.50 per 12; \$25.00 per 100.

Select Medium, $\frac{5}{8}$ to $\frac{3}{4}$, 30c each; \$2.50 per 12; \$20.00 per 100.

Light Medium, $\frac{1}{2}$ to $\frac{5}{8}$, 25c each; \$2.50 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Japanese Plums

Abundance.—Medium size, round, with slight point. Beautiful shade of red over yellow body. Flesh yellow, firm, and juicy, with a slightly subacid flavor. Skin is rather tough, making a good shipper, very prolific. Ripens in July.

Red June.—Recommended as, by all odds the best Japanese plum, ripening before Abundance. One of the vigorous upright growers. Productive, fair size, vermillion red, pleasant quality. Ripens a week before Abundance.

Satsuma (Blood).—Large, globular, with sharp point. Color, purple and red, with blue bloom. Flesh firm, juicy, dark red or blood color. Fine quality, pit very small. Hardy and vigorous grower. August.

Wickson.—Fruit remarkably handsome. Very large. Long, heart shaped. Color deep maroon red, flesh firm and meaty, yellow, rich and aromatic; pit small. Tree an upright vigorous grower, excellent keeper and shipper. Is being planted largely for market. Early September.

Burbank.—The best and most profitable of growers for market. Ripens ten to fourteen days after Abundance, tree hardy, sprawling, vigorous grower, unequalled in productiveness, bears young, fruit large, excellent quality. Cherry red, with a lilac bloom, ripens from middle of July to first of August.



Burbank

European Plums

Archduke.—Large, black, prolific, valuable addition to late varieties for home use or market. Early October.

Bradshaw.—Large, dark red, flesh green, juicy, productive, fine for market. August.

German Prune.—Large, dark purple, good. September.

Grand Duke.—Color of Bradshaw, fruit very large, of fine quality, free from rot, very productive. Tree a moderate grower. Last of September.

Lombard.—Medium, violet red, juicy, good. Hardy and productive. The leading market variety. August.

Monarch.—Tree robust, dense foliage, an abundant bearer. Fruit very large, roundish oval, dark purplish blue, perfect free-stone. Follows Grand Duke in ripening. October.

Shipper's Pride.—Quite large and showy, frequently 2 inches in diameter, oval, dark purple, of Damson type. The flesh is sweet and firm, keeping and shipping very long distances well. September.

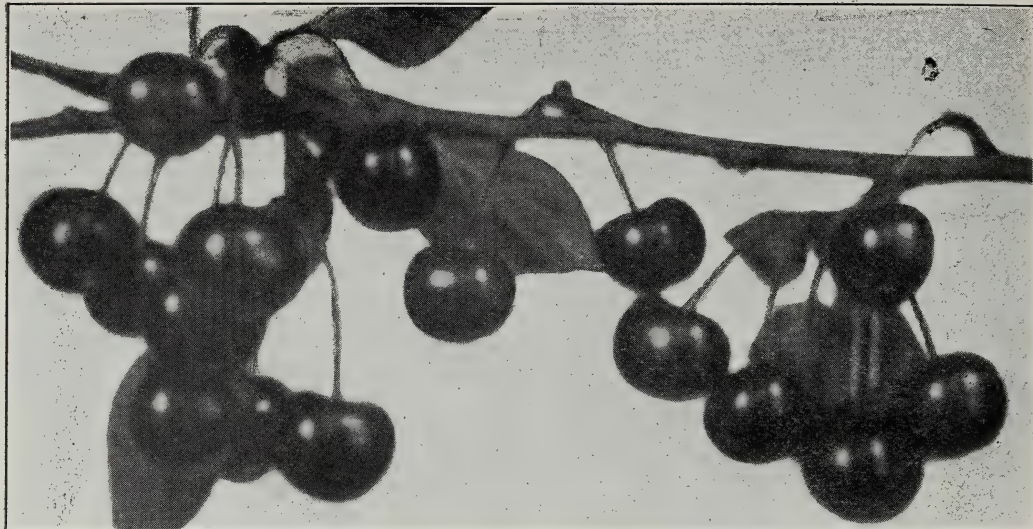
Shropshire Damson.—This largest of the Damson class is much used for preserving. The trees are vigorous and enormously productive. One of the old favorites. October.

Batavia, Ill., April 9, 1910.

Dear Sir:—Please send me 500 more Cuthbert raspberry roots. I would like these just as soon as you can get them here. The others came O. K.

Yours truly,

N. J. Abernathy.



Cherries

Sweet Cherries

Sweet cherries are of rapid growth with large glossy leaves, forming fine pyramid shaped heads, and producing large crops of luscious sweet fruit. Some Cherries generally produce acid fruit and do not attain so large a size. They are well adapted for dwarfs or pyramids. Are hardier and better adapted for shipping to market, we know of nothing in the fruit line that has been giving or promises to give in the future larger returns than cherry orchards. Few markets are ever supplied.

First Class, $\frac{3}{4}$ and up, 40 cts. each; \$4.00 per 12; \$25.00 per 100.

Select Medium, 35 cts. each; \$3.00 per 12; \$20.00 per 100.

Light Medium, 25 cts. each; \$2.00 per 12; \$15.00 per 100.

Black Eagle.—Large, tender, juicy, rich, July.

Black Tartarian.—Very large, black, juicy, rich, excellent, productive. Last of June.

Gov. Wood.—Large, light red, juicy, rich, delicious. Tree healthy and productive. June.

Napoleon.—Large, pale yellow or red. Firm, juicy, sweet and productive. July.

Windsor.—Fruit large, liver colored, flesh remarkably firm and of fine quality. Tree hardy and prolific. A valuable late variety. July.

Sour Cherries

Baldwin.—Large, round, slightly sub-acid, sweetest and richest of Morello type.

Dyehouse.—A very early and sure bearer. Ripens a week before Early Richmond. June.

Early Richmond.—Medium, dark red, melting, juicy, sprightly, rich acid; best; fine upright grower; remarkable for its earliness, hardiness and productiveness. June.

Large Mt. Morency.—Large, red, productive. Ten days later than Early Richmond. Last of June.

May Duke.—Large, red, juicy, rich. June

Wragg.—Very hardy, vigorous and productive, medium, dark purple, fine quality. August.

Gooseberries

Downing.—Large, handsome, pale green, of splendid quality for both cooking and table use; bush a vigorous grower.

2 yr. No. 1, 15 cts. each; \$1.25 per 12; \$8.00 per 100.

1 yr. No. 1, 10 cts. each; \$1.00 per 12; \$6.00 per 100.

Houghton.—An enormously productive and always reliable old sort; of vigorous yet rather slender, spreading growth, not subject to mildew. Fruits of medium size, smooth, pale red; tender and good. Same price as Downing.



Downing

Currants

Hardy, easily cultivated, standing neglect well, and liberally responding to cultivation and generous treatment; indispensable for jellies, table use, etc. No garden is complete without them, and large quantities are required for market. Set four feet apart in rich ground, cultivate well, or mulch heavily; prune out old wood so that each remaining shoot will have room to grow. If the currant worm appears, dust with hellebore.

Cherry—Berries sometimes one-half inch in diameter, bunches short, vigorous and productive, when grown on good soil and well cultivated.

Fay's Prolific—The leading market variety. Extra large stems and berries. Uniform size, easily picked, exceedingly productive; no variety ever made as quick a jump in popular favor, the demand being, in most seasons, in excess of the supply.

Victoria—Large, light red, bunches extremely long. Berries medium size of excellent quality. Ripens late.

Red Dutch—An old well known sort. Good quality, berry medium, long bunch very productive.

White Grape—Very large, yellowish white; sweet or very mild acid. Excellent quality and valuable for table. Very productive.

Lee's Prolific—This is a black currant; extra quality, strong grower. Productive.

Wilder—One of the strongest growers, and most productive. Bunch and berries very large; bright, attractive red color, even when dead ripe. Hangs on bushes in fine condition, as late as any known variety. Compared with the celebrated Fay's it is equal in size; with longer bunches; better in quality, with much less acidity. Ripens at same time, continues on bush much longer, fully as prolific.

London Market—For many years this variety has been fruiting in Michigan where it is now planted extensively and regarded as the best market variety of that great fruit state. Plant is extremely vigorous, with perfect foliage which it retains through the season; an enormous cropper. Ripens with Victoria, is larger in both bunch and berry, a better bearer. For any use—home, garden or market—one of the best.

North Star—The strongest grower among the red varieties; should be given plenty of room and ground kept well enriched; bunches average 4 inches in length and are freely produced. Combines extreme hardiness, vigorous growth, extra quality and great productiveness.

Price of Currants, except Perfection.

2 yr., No. 1, 10c each; \$1 per 12; \$5 per 100.

1 yr., No. 1, 10c each; \$1 per 12; \$4 per 100.

Perfection—The only small fruit ever awarded the Gold Medal of the Western New York Horticultural society. A cross between Fays' and White Grape, retaining the valuable characteristics of both

parents. Beautiful bright red as large or larger than Fay's, holding its size to end of bunch; easy to pick; a great bearer, superior to any other large sort; less acid and of better quality than any other large currant in cultivation. Large healthy foliage, intermediate in growth between Fay's and White Grape. We have seen it in fruit in New York state and fruited it on our farms here on young bushes; it is all that has been claimed for it.

Each, 25c; per 12, \$2; per 100, \$12.

Asparagus

No garden is too small to have a bed of this earliest and finest of spring vegetables. Prepare ground trenching to depth of two feet, mixing each layer of soil as turned over with two or three inches of well rotted manure. This is one of the most profitable crops to grow, and one that is easily handled. A field well planted will last a life time. Plant rows three to four feet apart, 12 to 15 inches apart in a row. Do not cut for use until the plants have grown two seasons.

Falmetto—This is a new sort which is becoming quite popular. It produces shoots of the very largest size. It is very early, which makes it very valuable for market or home use.

Conover's Colossal—A standard variety of large size, tender and of excellent quality. 2 years, 30 cents per 12; \$1.00 per 100; \$6.00 per 1,000.

1 year, 25 cents per 12; 75 cents per 100; \$5.00 per 1,000.

Send for special prices in larger lots of several thousand.

Rhubarb

A deep, rich soil is indispensable to secure large, heavy stalks. Plant in rows four feet apart, with plants three feet distant. Set so that the crowns are an inch below the surface. Top-dress annually in the fall

with stable manure and fork under in the spring.

Queen—Strong, vigorous grower, producing extra large stalks of finest quality, of a decided pink color. For canning or cooking in any way, its quality is unsurpassed.

Myatt's Linnaeus—Popular, and the best for general use. Early, very large, productive, tender, and delicately flavored. Requires less sugar than other sorts.

Price, each, 10 cents; dozen, 75 cents; one hundred, \$4.00

Chicago, April 18, 1911.

Gentlemen—Goods arrived in nice shape. Many thanks for same. We have just planted some and they look alright.

Yours very truly Edward I. Kittell

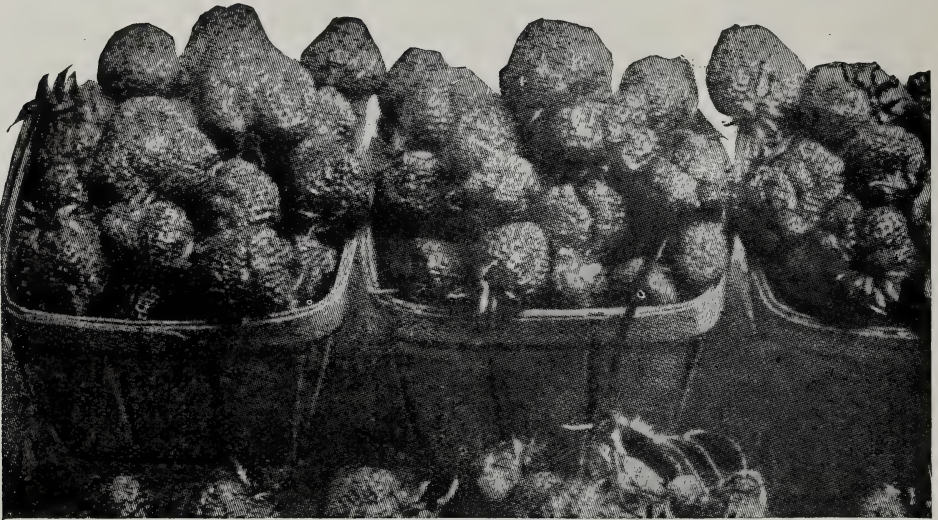
Ann Arbor, Mich., Nov. 1st. 1910.

Dear Sir—The plum trees arrived yesterday apparently in good condition.

Yours very truly, Jay C. Taylor.



Perfection



Strawberries

Strawberries will succeed in any soil that is adapted to ordinary farm garden crops; soil should be thoroughly prepared to a good depth, well drained and enriched. In field culture set the rows from three to three and a half feet apart, 15 to 18 inches in rows; for garden 15 inches apart each way, leaving pathway every third row. To produce fine large fruit, heap in hills, pinching runners off as soon as they appear. Ground should always be kept clean and well cultivated. In winter a covering of leaves, straw, or some kind of litter, will protect the plants. Do not cover them until ground is frozen, or so deep as to smother the plants, and remove covering before growth starts in spring. Mulching will keep the fruit clean and the soil in good condition through the fruiting season. The blossoms of those marked with a (P) are destitute of stamens, and are termed pistillate, and unless a row of perfect flowering variety is planted at intervals not exceeding a rod, they will produce imperfect fruit, and but little of it, but when properly fertilized, as a rule, they are more prolific than those with perfect flowers. Our stock is pure, each kind kept by itself, cultivated entirely for the production of plants; they are carefully graded, handled and packed, and certainly give the best of satisfaction.

Aroma.—This is our best and most profitable late strawberry. It cannot be beaten for quantity of fruit produced, or in quality of fruit. Plants show no weakness of any kind. Fruit very large, roundish conical, rarely misshapen, glossy red, of excellent quality, and produced in abundance. Same season as Gandy.

Beder Wood.—This variety was originated by Beder Wood of Illinois. We have fruited it for many years, and found it to be a very heavy bearer, of good size, roundish fruit. Does well on nearly all soils. Season early, a good staminate to fertilize early varieties like Crescent, Warfield, etc. The plant is a good healthy grower, and sends out a number of large runners. Beder Wood is very deep rooted and will stand drouth better than most varieties.

Bubach (F).—By far more plants of this variety are used than any other sort. Its large and uniform size, fine form and color, unsurpassed productiveness, and great vigor combine to make it the leading market sort. The plant is very large and fine looking, but a slow plant maker.

Barton's Eclipse (P).—A good standard sort, but has been overlooked by some, one of the best for field crops, a splendid grower and a heavy yielder, of large size, good color, and highly flavored. Early to mid-season.

Pride of Michigan.—Baldwin's. Plants medium in size. Perfectly healthy. Shows great vitality and drouth resisting qualities, a good plant maker, and has good strong fruit stems, holding fruit well up from the ground. Fruit medium to large, of a dark, glossy red color. Roundish, conical and regular in form, and of good quality, reasonably firm and productive. Time of ripening medium early. This is a new variety introduced by Mr. Baldwin, and we consider it worthy of trial. We have taken up nearly all of the plants to ship the past two years and have fruited only a few plants which make a splendid showing for fruit.

Clyde.—A strong growing, perfect blooming, healthy plant, with light green foliage. Everywhere tested, it proved to be exceedingly productive, large, globular, perfectly formed, always inclined to overbear. Some plants have more fruit stalks than leaf stalks. A light application of nitrate of soda, in early spring before fruiting will stimulate greater foliage growth, and so help the fruiting of this remarkable variety.

Crescent (P).—A standard of productiveness all over the country; succeeds everywhere. Stands neglect best of any; plant small, berries fair size, bright and attractive. Not very firm. Many growers consider this the most profitable berry for market.

Glen Mary.—Berries large to very large, often flattened, bright deep red on surface, light red to center. Sweet, rich, good flavor. Season, medium to late. One of the most productive and holds its size well

to the end of the season. Plants very vigorous, and one of the best for home use and nearby market.

Haverland (P).—A fine grower, very productive; one of the best of the leading early market sorts. Berries uniform, long, medium size, and good quality.

Pocomoke.—The berry is round, conical and resembles the old Wilson, but is much larger, and one of the best varieties in existence, not only for its enormous productivity, but on account of its beauty. Adapted to all soils. Its large size, deep red color, firmness and high flavor make it one of the most profitable shippers.

Senator Dunlap.—A well tested, wonderfully productive variety, one of the safe sorts to plant everywhere and sure to take a high place among the prominent standard sorts, plant resembles Warfield, rampant runner, should be restricted in its production of plants; fully equal to Crescent and Warfield in its ability to succeed under all circumstances. Fruit good size, regular form, beautiful bright red, glossy, firm, splendid keeper and shipper, excellent quality, one of the best for canning. Ripens early, and continues a long time. It promises to stand at the head



Aroma

in its wonderful ability to ripen a good crop under almost any condition of drouth or neglect.

Sample (P).—One of the very best berries, and it seems to succeed nearly everywhere. Plants strong, large and healthy, producing in profusion large, dark colored berries, of uniform size and color. Firm enough to ship well, one of the best standard sorts for home use and market. Season, late.

Tennessee Prolific.—One of the good medium early varieties. Large size and productive. It is a very vigorous healthy plant, with never a spot of rust. It has a strong staminate blossom and is especially valuable as a pollinizer.

Uncle Jim.—A new variety of much worth. The Uncle Jim resembles the New York, Marshall, and varieties of that class, but in quality, firmness and productiveness it is head and shoulders above them all. Unlike many berries of somewhat similar type it has a red flesh when fully ripe, and is a good canner on that account, as well as for its firmness and superior quality. It is wonderfully productive, and

the fruit is large. The fruit stalks are exceedingly stout; but when borne down the berries do not rot on the underside like some large sorts, before they are ripe enough to pick. They are firm, and will bear handling equal to the Gandy, but lasts about as long. It is pre-eminently a variety for the home garden, where highest quality is desired with lots of fruit for the amount of space.

Gandy.—This is one of the leading late varieties with fruit growers all over the country. The plant is a strong grower, fruit is large and firm, but does not yield as heavy as some; requires strong soil and fertilizers to do its best. It always brings top prices; it is very late, and a big showy berry.

Brandywine.—This fine late strawberry was introduced by M. Crawford. Is late, good shape, good quality, good size, firm and productive. If you are looking for a No. 1 canning berry or for table use we would recommend Brandywine. It is extra dark in color, fine flavor, and is an extra good home use and canning berry, besides being a good shipper and profitable market variety. Try them. We have a good stock of extra fine plants.

Warfield (F).—Its great beauty, firmness and earliness, good flavor, productiveness, and vigor, makes it especially popular. Ripens with Senator Dunlap, which makes a good fertilizer to plant with it, as the shape and color of the berries are the same, and look a great deal alike when picked together.

Wm. Belt.—A large, handsome, productive berry for market or home use. Vigorous, thrifty, heavy plants, producing large crops under good common matted row culture. Berries extra large, conical, quite uniform in shape, bright crimson red, ripens all over without green tips; good quality, carries well to market and brings highest price. One of the best late varieties. Making it one of the best perfect flowering varieties to fertilize late pistillate varieties, such as Sample and Bubach.

Myers Seedling.—Originated on B. I. Myers' farm south of St. Joseph, Mich. The plant is a good grower; berry is large size, productive and one of the best shippers; medium early and brings best prices on the market.

	Per 12	Per 100	Per 1,000
Myer's Seedling ..	\$0.40	\$1.50	\$10.00
Pride of Michigan ..	.40	.75	5.00
Lovetts .....	.25	.50	3.00
Aroma .....	.25	.60	4.00
Beder Wood .....	.25	.50	2.00
Bubach (P) .....	.25	.60	4.00
Bar'n's Eclipse (P) ..	.25	.50	3.00
Brandywine .....	.25	.50	3.50
Clyde .....	.25	.60	3.50
Crescent (P) .....	.25	.50	2.50
Gandy .....	.25	.50	3.50
Glen Mary .....	.25	.60	4.00
Haverland (P) ..	.25	.60	3.50
Pocomoke .....	.25	.60	3.50
Senator Dunlap ...	.25	.50	2.50
Sample (P) .....	.25	.60	3.50
Tennessee Prolific ..	.25	.50	3.00
Uncle Jim .....	.25	.60	4.00
Warfield (P) .....	.25	.50	3.00
Wm. Belt .....	.25	.60	3.50

Six of variety at dozen, twenty-five at hundred, and two hundred fifty at thousand rates. At dozen rates we pay postage. At 100 rates, to go by mail, add 25 cents to each 100. At 100 and 1,000 rates to go by express or freight. Charges to be paid by the purchaser. If you want a large number of strawberry plants write us for special prices.

Grapes

There is scarcely a yard so small in the country or city that room for from one to a dozen grape vines cannot be found. They do admirably, trained up the side of any building, or along the garden fences, occupying but little room and furnishing an abundance of the healthiest fruit. Make the soil mellow, and plant the vines somewhat deeper than they stood in the nursery. Plant about eight feet apart by the fence or building.

As a commercial crop there is nothing more satisfactory. They are as reliable as a corn crop, and as staple on the market as wheat. When a vineyard is once established it will be productive for a lifetime with ordinary care, and the income therefrom can be counted on almost as certainly as the changing of the season.

Grapes do well on either gravelly, sandy or clayey soils, or on a combination of these. If planted on clay soil, it must be thoroughly underdrained to secure good results. Any good, dry soil of sufficient fertility to produce good farm crops is suitable for vineyard planting, if climate and exposure are favorable.

The ordinary necessary preparation of the soil is to thoroughly plow and pulverize it to a depth of 12 to 18 inches. if in sod it should be summer-fallowed in August or September preceding planting and again plowed at the time of planting. At this last plowing many of our best vineyardists plow the ground into lands in width to the distance apart the rows are to be planted, and plant the vines in the dead furrows. This saves a large amount of labor in digging the holes.

If the soil is naturally poor it should be given a liberal application of thoroughly rotted stable manure, which should be plowed in at the last plowing. If this cannot be had, use raw bone meal, about 600 pounds per acre, with about 300 pounds muriate of potash, or two tons of good, unleached hard wood ashes. It is not desirable to put manure or fertilizers of any kind in the hole when planting. The roots will quickly find their necessary food if it is in the soil.

Concord—The well known standard variety. Succeeds wherever grapes will grow. Most popular variety ever grown.

Campbell's Early—Medium grower. Large healthy foliage. Productive. Its keeping and shipping qualities are equaled by no other early grape. Ripens with Moore's Early. Bunch and berry large, glossy, black with blue bloom; sweet and juicy. Seeds few and small. Part readily from the pulp. Stands at the head of early grapes.

Champion. (Talmay)—Very early. Bunch and berry good size, thick skin; productive. Poor quality. Profitable owing to their earliness.

Delaware—Bunches small, compact, shouldered. Berries rather small, round, skin thick light red. Sweet, spicy and delicious. Vine moderately vigorous, hardy and productive.

Diamond—The leading early white grape, ripening before Moore's Early, white with rich yellow tinge, juicy, free seeds. Almost free from pulp, excellent quality, above medium size, adheres firmly to stem. Vine like Concord in growth, hardiness and foliage. Fine variety for both market and home garden.

Eaton—A seedling of the Concord of exceptionally large size, both in bunch and berry; showy and attractive; berries round, covered with heavy bloom.

Early Ohio—Very early, hardy and productive, strong and thrifty grower; excellent shipping qualities. A profitable early market sort.

Hartford—Early black grape ripens with Moore's Early, good quality, large bunches, strong, thrifty grower and very productive; free from rot and mildew. If left on vine too long after they are ripe the berries are liable to fall from the bunches; if handled properly are profitable market variety.

Moore's Early—A black grape, with a heavy blue bloom; bunch large, berry round. Quality better than the Concord, vine exceedingly hardy, and has been exposed to temperature of 20 degrees below zero without injury. It has been entirely exempt from mildew or disease. Its earliness, good quality, and fine appearance make it profitable for market.

Niagara—A white variety; bunch and berry very large, greenish white, changing to pale yellow when fully ripe. Skin thin but tough. Quality very much like Concord.

Worden—An improved Concord, being larger in both bunch and berry, handsomer, nearly two weeks earlier, and of better quality, fine, vigorous, hardy and productive.

Wyoming Red—Vine very hardy, healthy and robust, with black, leathery foliage; color of berry similar to Delaware, but brighter; being the most beautiful of the amber red grapes, and in size nearly double that of Delaware. Flesh tender, sweet, with a strong native aroma. Ripens before Delaware, the best early red market variety.

Lima, Ohio, November 18, 1910.

Mr. Enos W. Dunham, Baroda, Mich.

Dear Sir—Received the gooseberry and grape stock you sent me all right. It was the finest stock I ever bought. If I can use any more I will let you know later. Respectfully yours, Eph Roush.

Gallen, Mich., May 19, 1911.

The Dunham Nursery Co., Baroda, Mich.

Dear Sir—Please find enclosed check for \$17.83, amount in full to balance my account with you. Stock was all very satisfactory.

Very truly yours, Chas. E. Swartz.

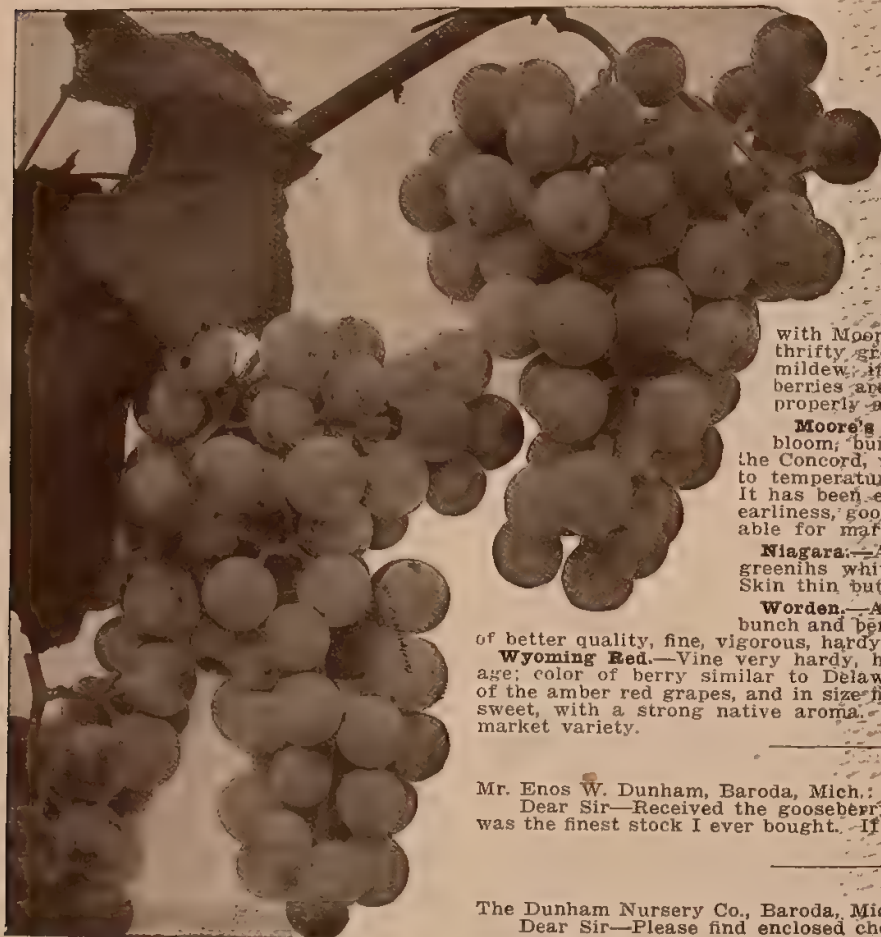


Moore's Early

	Each	Per 12	Per 100	Per M.
Campbell's Early, 2 yr., No. 1....	\$0.15	\$1.50	\$9.00	\$80.00
Campbell's Early, 1 yr., No. 1....	.10	1.00	8.00	70.00
Champion, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.10	1.00	4.00	35.00
Champion, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.08	1.00	3.00	25.00
Concord, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.10	1.00	2.50	20.00
Concord, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.08	.75	1.75	15.00
Delaware, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.10	1.00	4.00	35.00
Delaware, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.08	.75	3.00	25.00
Diamond, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.10	1.00	3.25	30.00
Diamond, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.08	.75	2.25	20.00
Moore's Early, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.10	1.00	4.00	35.00
Moore's Early, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.08	.75	2.75	25.00
Niagara, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.10	1.00	3.50	30.00
Niagara, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.08	.75	2.25	20.00
Worden, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.10	1.00	4.00	35.00
Worden, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.08	.75	2.75	25.00
Wyoming Red, 2 yr., No. 1.....	.10	1.00	4.50	40.00
Wyoming Red, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.08	.75	3.50	30.00
Hartford, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.10	.75	2.50	—
Eaton, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.20	1.50	8.00	—
Early Ohio, 1 yr., No. 1.....	.15	1.50	5.00	—

Each and 12 sent by mail or express, prepaid.

We have a larger amount of grape vines than usual. They have made an extra strong growth, and are graded up to the standard. The prices are made very low. On fall orders, to be shipped this fall, we will allow 25 cents per 100 or \$1.00 per 1,000 less than the above prices.



Concord



Cumberland

Raspberries

Raspberries do well on any soil that will produce a good corn crop. Land should be thoroughly prepared and well enriched. Keep well cultivated and free from weeds and suckers. As soon as they have done bearing, cut out the old wood, to give more vigor to the young canes. Plant in rows 6 to 8 feet apart, and 3½ to 4 feet in rows for field culture.

Black Raspberries

Cumberland.—The largest of all Blackcaps. A healthy, vigorous grower, throwing up stout, stocky, well-branched canes that produce immense crops of magnificent berries. Fruit very large, firm, quality about the same as Gregg, keeps and ships as well as any of the blacks. The most profitable market variety. On our farm this season they had as good a crop of fruit as ever.

Each 10 cents; 50 cents per 12; \$1.00 per 100; \$8.00 per 1,000.

Gregg.—For many years the leading standard, best known market sort. Very productive, large size, firm, meaty berries, covered with heavy bloom.

Each 10 cents; 50 cents per 12; \$1.00 per 100; \$7.00 per 1,000.

Kansas.—Strong, vigorous grower, standing extremes of drouth and cold and bearing immense crops. Early ripening, just after Palmer. Berries nearly the size of Gregg, of better color, jet black and almost free from bloom, firm, of best quality, present a handsome appearance, and bring highest price in market.

Each 10 cents; 50 cents per 12; \$1.00 per 100; \$7.00 per 1,000.

Eureka (Cap).—A fine blackcap in every particular. It is very early, very large and productive. Very profitable for market.

Each 10 cents; 50 cents per 12; \$1 per 100

You will be surprised at the cash results from a comparatively small patch of raspberries when they are given reasonably good care. An acre will usually turn more cash into the farmer's pocket than any other acre on the farm.

Red Raspberries

King.—Pronounced the best early red raspberry by many of the leading horticulturists. Plant a strong grower, very hardy and productive. Berry is firm. The best shipper. In size as large as Cuthbert. Beautiful bright scarlet color. Season a few days later than Thompson. We have fruited them for several seasons, and find them the best red raspberries on our farms, and the most profitable for market.

Each 10 cents; 50 cents per 12; \$1 per 100; \$8 per 1,000.

Miller.—Early, very hardy, and does not winter kill. The very best early variety. Shipping qualities are perfect. Makes a healthy growth of cane. Very productive and of good size.

Each, 10 cents; 50 cents per 12; \$1.00 per 100; \$6 per 1,000.

Thompson's Early Prolific.—This is the earliest red raspberry we have in fruiting. They are of good size, bright red, productive, good quality, and one of the best shippers. Profitable on account of their earliness.

Each, 10c; 50c per 12; \$1.00 per 100; \$6 per 1,000.

Each and dozen by mail prepaid. Hundred and thousand by freight or express not prepaid.

Cuthbert, or Queen of the Market.—A remarkably strong, hardy variety. Stands

the northern winters and southern summers equal to any. Berries very large, conical, rich crimson, very handsome, and so firm they can be shipped hundreds of miles by rail in good condition. Flavor is rich, sweet and luscious. The leading market variety for main crop.

Each 10 cents; 50 cents per 12; \$1 per 100; \$6 per 1,000.

We have a fine lot of Cuthbert transplants, also some Miller, Thompson and King. These we will furnish at \$1.25 per 100 or \$10 per 1,000.

Blackberries

Flowers.—This is the most remarkable blackberry of the age. A woman discovered it growing wild and it has been propagated by Mr. Flowers until he now has nine acres in fruiting. It is extremely vigorous and productive and quite hardy. It has been grown 14 feet in height and single bushes have produced 2,694 berries. The original one-third acre has borne, in five years, the enormous crop of 10,637 quarts. It has the longest fruiting season of any blackberry, lasting from July to October, producing its greatest crop in August, and quantities in September. It is very attractive for market on account of large size and excellent appearance. From all I have been able to learn the variety has never been winter killed.

We, ourselves, have fruited the Flowers Blackberry the past four years. We have had no loss from winter killing, the exceeding our crop each year expectations. The fruit is superior to nearly all other varieties, large, glossy black berries that make the finest appearance in the market. On account of its large size, productiveness and hardiness I feel sure every one who plants the Flowers will be delighted with it. The bushes we offer are strong root cutting plants. Each, 10c; per doz., 60c; per 100, \$3.00; per 1,000, \$25.00.

Eldorado.—The vines are very vigorous and hardy, enduring the winters of the far northwest without injury, and their yield is enormous. Berries large, jet black, borne in large clusters, and ripen well together. They are very sweet, melting and pleasing to the taste, have no hard core, and a good keeper after picking, with quality unimpaired.

Each 10c; 50c per 12; \$2.00 per 100.

Wilson.—A magnificent, large, very early, beautiful berry of sweet excellent flavor. Ripens evenly, holds its color well, and brings highest market price. Strong grower, exceedingly productive.

Each and dozen by mail postpaid. Hundred and thousand by freight or express not prepaid.

Should be planted in rows six to seven feet apart, three to five feet in the rows. Keep the ground light and rich. Pinch the canes back when they have reached the height of from two to five feet.

Sucker Plants—Each 10c; 50c per 12; \$1.00 per 100; \$7 per 1,000.

Root Cuttings—Per 100, \$2.00; per 1,000, \$15.00.

Dew-berries

Lucretia

—One of the low growing trailing blackberries. In size and quality it equals any of tall growing sorts. Perfectly hardy, healthy and remarkably productive. The fruit which ripens early, is often one and one-half inches long, by one inch in diameter.

Soft, sweet and luscious throughout, with no hard core. Ripens before the late raspberries are gone. Should be mulched to keep berries from ground. We can highly recommend this variety. Plants are grown from tips the same as black raspberries, plants set in rows 6 feet apart, 3 to 4 feet in row. In spring cut back

wood from 12 to 16 inches. Each, 10c; 12, 50s; 100, \$1; 1,000, \$7.

New Stanton, Pa., April 29, 1911.
Mr. Enos W. Dunham:

Dear Sir:—

Enclosed find check for balance on apples, peach and other trees and berries. It was the finest stock I ever bought. I will give you a large order for peach trees for two farms twenty miles from here in Fayette county by next spring. Will want 100 Stearns peach outside of other varieties, also some apple trees.

Very respectfully,

Jas. T. Stanton.



Blowers

Ornamental Department

Nut Trees

American Sweet Chestnut.—This is a valuable native tree, both useful and ornamental. Timber is very durable, and possesses a fine grain for oil finish. Nut sweet, of delicious flavor, and are a valuable article of commerce.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, trees 75c; dozen, \$6; 3 to 4 feet, trees, each, 50c; doz. \$4.

Filberts.—Of easy culture. Growing 6 to 8 feet. Entirely hardy, and one of the most profitable and satisfactory nuts to grow. Succeeds on almost all soils, bearing early and abundantly. Nuts nearly round. Rich and excellent flavor. Admirable for dessert.

Each 2 to 3 feet, 40c; dozen \$4.

Butternuts.—A fine native tree, producing a large, longish nut, which is prized for its sweet oily, nutritious kernel.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, trees, 50 cents; dozen, \$5.00; 3 to 4 feet, 30 cents; dozen, \$3.00.

Walnut, Black.—A native tree of large size and majestic form. Beautiful foliage, and most valuable of all trees for its timber, which enters largely into manufacture of fine furniture and cabinet ware, and brings the highest price in market. Tree a rapid grower, producing a large round nut of excellent quality.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, trees, 75c; dozen, \$6; 3 to 4 feet, each 50c; dozen \$4.

Walnut, Japan Sieboldi.—Perfectly hardy, rapid grower, handsome form, immense leaves; bears young and abundantly; one of the finest ornamental trees. Nuts produced in clusters; resembles butternut in shape and quality; smaller, with smooth and thinner shell. Worthy of extensive planting.

Each, 4 to 6 feet, 50 cents; dozen, \$5.

Walnut, French, English or Maderia Nut.—A fine, lofty growing tree, with handsome spreading head. Where hardy it produces immense crops of thin-shelled delicious nuts, which are always in demand at good prices; fruit in green state is highly esteemed for pickling. In California and the South large orchards have been planted that are yielding immense profits. Not hardy enough for general culture in the North. 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents each.

Ornamental Trees

Ash, White.—A rapid growing native tree, of fine symmetrical outline. A valuable street or park tree; should be extensively planted for timber.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, \$1; doz., \$3.50; per 100, \$35.00.

Alder.—Imperial cut-leaf; one of the finest cut-leaf trees; hardy and vigorous grower; graceful habit; fine for lawn decorations.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, \$1.50.

Beech.—Purple leaved; makes an elegant medium sized tree for the lawn. The foliage in the spring is deep purple, later changing to crimson, and in autumn a dull purplish green.

Each, 3 to 4 feet, \$1.00.

Birch, European White.—Similar to the American or Canoe Birch, with slender branches and silvery bark. After a few years' growth assumes a graceful, weeping habit, adding greatly to its beauty.

Each, 8 to 10 feet, \$1.00; 4 to 6 feet, 50 cents.

Catalpa

Catalpa, Bungei (Umbrella Tree).—Chinese origin; compact, spreading head of large, glossy green leaves 7 inches long by 6 inches wide; has a decidedly tropical appearance, making a marked contrast with all other lawn trees.

Grafted one year head, 6 to 8 ft., each, \$1; two year head, 6 to 8 ft., each, \$1.25.

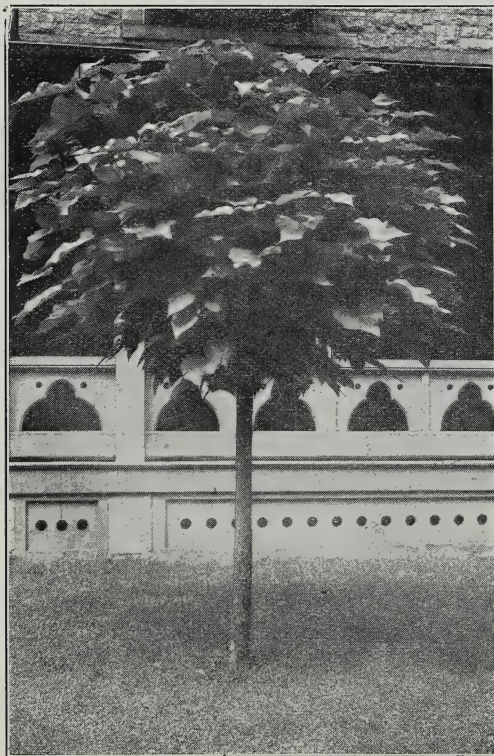
Catalpa Speciosa.—One of the most rapid growers; valuable for timber, fence posts, railroad ties, etc. Possessing wonderful durability; large, heart-shaped downy leaves and compound panicles of white flowers, tinged with violet and dotted with purple and yellow.

Each, 6 to 8 ft., 40c; doz., \$3.75; each, 10 to 12 ft., 75c; doz., \$6.00.

Cornus Florida (White Flowering Dogwood).—Flowers white, three to three and a half inches in diameter, produced in spring before the leaves appear. Very abundant, showy, and durable foliage.

Each 2 to 3 feet, 50 cents; 4 to 6 feet, 75 cents.

Flowering Crab, Bechtel's.—Makes a medium sized tree, perfectly hardy, succeeds well in all soils not extremely wet. When in bloom appears to be covered



Catalpa Bungei

with delicate pink, perfect double small roses, of delicate fragrance, the only sweet-scented double crab.

Each, 3 to 4 feet, 75 cents; 4 to 5 feet, \$1.00.

Elm, American.—A noble native tree of large size; wide spreading head and graceful drooping branches; one of the grandest park and street trees.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, 75 cents; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.00.

Horse Chestnut (White Flowering)—The well known European species; very handsome, has magnificent spikes of flowers. As a lawn tree or for the street it has no superior.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, \$1.00.

Judas Tree (Red Bud).—A small growing tree of irregular form with heart-shaped leaves. It is covered with delicate pink blossoms early in the spring before the leaves appear; a fine ornamental tree worthy of general planting.

Each, 4 to 6 ft., \$1.00.

Linden (European).—A fine pyramidal tree with large leaves and fragrant flowers, largely used for street and ornamental planting. Each, 6 to 8 feet, 75c.

Mountain Ash (European).—A fine hardy tree, head dense and regular, covered from July till winter with clusters of red berries. Each, 6 to 8 ft., 50c.

Maple, Rock or Sugar.—A hardy rapid growing, native tree, of large size, valuable for producing a quick shade. Excellent for street planting.

Each, 6 to 8 ft., 75 cents; 10 to 12 feet, \$1.00.

Poplar, Carolina.—A vigorous, healthy native tree of rapid growth, pyramidal in form, with large glossy leaves; valuable for park or street planting. Makes a fine spreading head if well cut back the first season. Succeeds everywhere.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, 20c; dozen \$1.75; 10 to 12 feet, each, 40c; doz., \$3.50; per 100, \$30.

Sycamore (European).—A lofty wide tree; heart-shaped leaves; valuable for its handsome foliage and free growth; not as subject to disease as our native species. Makes a fine street tree. Each, 6 to 8 feet, 75c; 8 to 10 feet, \$1.

Tulip Tree (Whitewood)—One of the grandest of our native trees. Of tall pyramidal habit, with broad glossy fiddle-shaped leaves, and beautiful tulip like flowers.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, 50c; doz., \$4.50; 10 to 12 feet, 75c.

Magnolia

There is no finer ornamental tree for lawn planting. Their large, showy white, pink and purple flowers cover the trees in early spring before the leaves appear. Varieties offered here are all imported, dug with ball of earth, which reduces the risk of transplanting to the minimum. They are strong bushy trees, 3 feet or more in height, except Halliana, 2 to 2½ ft. Should all bloom this spring.

Soulangiana.—One of the hardiest and finest of foreign Magnolias. Its blossoms are from 3 to 5 in. across, cup-shaped, white and rosy violet, opening before its leaves, which are massive and glossy.

Speciosa.—The flowers of this species are a trifle smaller and lighter colored than Soulangiana's; they open about a week later and remain perfect on the tree longer than those of any other Chinese Magnolia.

Alba Superba.—Its superb pure white flowers cover the tree in early spring.

Lennel.—A hybrid variety of great beauty. The flowers are of a deep rose color, the foliage tropical and heavy, the tree vigorous and profuse blooming, frequently opening grand flowers at intervals through the summer.

Each \$1.00; per 12, \$10.00.

Willow (Golden).—A showy variety, with golden bark, of high color, making it very conspicuous during the winter; a handsome tree at all seasons.

Each, 6 to 8 feet, 40c; doz., \$3.50.

Weeping Trees

Birch, Cut-Leaf, Weeping.—One of the most elegant of all weeping or pendulous trees. Its tall, slender, yet vigorous growth, graceful drooping habit, silvery white bark, and delicately cut foliage, presents a combination of attractive characteristics rarely met with in a single tree. Each, 4 to 5 ft., 75c; doz., \$7.

Elm, Camperdown.—Its vigorous, irregular branches, which have a uniform weeping habit, overlap so regularly that a compact, roof-like head is formed. Leaves are large, glossy, dark green. A strong, vigorous grower. The finest Weeping Elm and one of the best weeping trees.

1 yr. head 75c; 2 yr. head, \$1 each.

Mulberry (Teas).—The most graceful and hardy weeping tree in existence. Forms a perfect umbrella shaped head, with long, slender, willowy branches drooping to the ground. All who have seen it agree that in light, airy gracefulness, delicacy of form and motion it is without a rival. It has beautiful foliage, is hardy enduring the cold of the North and the heat of the South. Safe and easy to transplant. Admirably adapted for ornamenting small or large grounds, or for cemetery planting.

Each, 1 year, \$1; 2 years \$1.25.

Willow (Weeping).—A showy variety, most graceful tree of large size. Its fresh bright green tint and long waving branches make it very attractive. Each 6 to 8 ft., 50c.

Seedlings and Transplanting Stock; Nursery Grown.

	Per 100	Per 1000
Ash 18 to 24 inches.....	\$1.00	\$8.00
Box Elder, 18 to 24 inches..	1.00	8.00
Catalpa Speciosa, 18 to 24 in.	.75	6.00
American Elm, 18 to 24 in..	1.00	8.00
Black Locust, 18 to 24 in....	.75	6.00
Honey Locust, 18 to 24 in..	1.00	8.00
Maple, 18 to 24 inches.....	1.00	8.00

Hedge Plants.

	Per 100	Per 1000
Osage Orange, 1 yr.....	\$0.50	\$ 3.50
Honey Locust, 18 to 24 in..	1.50	10.00
Bar'bry T'nbergi, 12 to 15 in.	6.00	—
Privet, Cal., 18 to 18 in....	4.00	30.00
Privet, Cal., 12 to 15 in....	3.00	22.00

Evergreens.

	Each	Per 12	Per 100
Arbor Vitae:—			
15 to 18 in.....	\$0.20	\$2.00	\$12.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	7.50	50.00
Virginiana (red cedar) 1½ to 2 ft..	.50	5.00	40.00
Irish Juniper:—			
1½ to 2 ft.....	.50	5.00	35.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.75	7.00	50.00
Norway Spruce:—			
1½ to 2 ft.....	.20	2.00	15.00
3 to 4 ft.....	.40	3.25	25.00
White Pine 2 to 3 ft.	.40	4.00	30.00



Hardy Ornamental Shrubs

Nothing adds more to the beauty of a place than to have the sides and back-ground well filled with nicely arranged groups of shrubbery. Until seen, one cannot appreciate the effect that can be brought out by properly arranging and grouping the wonderful assortment of foliage ranging in color from the darkest green and purple to light orange and silver tan. Added to this, the great variety in blossoms unite to keep up a never-failing interest.

If you do not know how to arrange them, let us help you.

Shrubs and Vines that Flower in May.—Almonds, Honeysuckle, Japan Quince, Lilacs, Snowballs, Spirea, Syringa, Weigelia, Tree Paeony, Wisteria.

In June.—Clematis, Deutzia, Dogwood, Elder, Honeysuckle, Lilacs, Herbaceous Paeonies, Snowballs, Spirea, Syringa, Weigelia, Wistaria, Rosa Rugosa.

In July.—Clematis, Spirea, Honeysuckle, Rosa Rugosa.

In August and September.—Bignonia, Clematis, Honeysuckle, Hydrangea paniculata grandiflora.

Almond, Double Flowering.—A desirable class of early flowering shrubs.

Althea (Rose of Sharon).—Showy, beautiful flowering shrub. Flowers large, very brilliant and of striking colors. Blooms freely in August and September, when few shrubs are in flower. Prevailing colors are rose, white, variegated, blue and purple. Hardy.

Each, 30 cents.

Azalea.—The most gorgeous of all hardy shrubs. The prevailing colors are orange yellow, buff and pinkish red. When in bloom they are the most beautiful plants in the whole list of hardy shrubs.

Each, 12 to 15 in., unnamed, 75c.

Calycanthus (Paniculata Grandiflora.)—Probably the most popular of all shrubs.

Blooms in August and September, when we have few shrubs in bloom. Flowers are white, borne in pyramidal panicles often a foot in length. Excellent alike for masses or single specimens.

Each 35c; \$3.00 per 12.

Tree Shaped Hydrangea.—These are fine specimen plants four or five years old, trained to tree shape with about three feet of straight stem and nicely shaped heads. Should bloom profusely the first year. Before shipping they are trimmed the proper length for planting, so that they will make a better growth and larger flowers. Each, 50c; \$5.00 per 12.

Lilac.—Purple and White.—Each, 2 to 3 feet, 25c; \$2.00 per 12; 3 to 4 ft., 30c; \$2.50 per 12.

Persian Lilac.—Each, 40c; \$3.50 per 12.
Japan Weeping Lilac.—Each, 1 year head, 4 to 6 feet, \$1.00.

Purple Fringe (Smoke Bush).—A conspicuous shrub or small tree with large leaves. These are overhanging in mid-summer by cloud-like masses of very light mist-like flowers, having the appearance of smoke at a distance.

Each, 2 to 3 feet, 30c; 3 to 4 feet, 40c.

Japan Quince.—A beautiful variety and a profuse bloomer. Blooms early in the spring. Choice and pretty.

Each, 2 to 2½ feet, 25 cents; \$2.00 per 12.

Japan Snowball.—One of the most valuable of our hardy shrubs. It forms an erect compact shrub, six to eight feet high. Blossoms in June and for a long time is a solid mass of white, the plants being completely covered from the ground to the top of the branches with large balls as white as snow.

Each, 3 to 4 feet, 50 cents.

Snowball.—A fine shrub or bush. Flowers very large and showy. Blooms early. Borne in clusters of five or six. Ten to twelve feet high. Blooms in May.

Each, 3 to 4 feet, 25 cents.

Spirea (Anthony Waterer) Red.—This beautiful variety has the same habits as its parent, the Bumalda. It blooms about the close of June, continuing throughout the entire season.

A striking and attractive shrub.

Each, 15 to 18 inches, 25 cents; \$2.00 per 12; per 100, \$15.00.

Spirea (Van Houttei) White.—Without doubt the grandest of all Spireas; beautiful at any season, but when in bloom is a complete fountain of white flowers, the foliage hardly showing. Perfectly hardy and an early bloomer.

Each, 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents; \$2.00 per 12; per 100, \$15.00.

Double Flowering Plum.—A charming shrub of vigorous growth. Very early in spring, before its leaves appear, the whole tree is decked in a fleecy cloud of very double light pink blossoms. Its effect on a still leafless landscape is very bright.

Each 4 to 5 feet, 30 cents.

Spirea (Bumalda).—A spreading low bush with dark leaves, brightened by corymbs of pretty, light pink flowers in May, and at intervals all summer.

Each, 15 to 18 inches, 25 cents; \$2.00 per 12.

Sambucus Aurea (Golden Elder).—Beautiful golden yellow foliage, grand for single specimen plants, planted in masses by themselves or to contrast with other shrubs. Each, 3 to 4 feet, 25 cents.

Syringa (Mock Orange).—A well known shrub with pure white highly scented

flowers. One of the first to flower.

Each, 15 to 18 inches, 25 cents.

Weigelia Rosea.—A beautiful shrub with rose colored flowers in May and June.

Weigelia Eva Rathke.—Flowers of dark carmine red. Distinct and fine.

Weigelia Van Houttei.—Flowers broad and flat, deep rosy red with distinct orange marking in throat.

Each, 2 to 3 feet, 25 cents; \$2.50 per 12.

Rhododendron or Rosebay.—Through its blooming season in May and June, no shrub in Nature's garden, the world over, can compare with this. In winter the great leathery leaves of the Rhododendrons form rich banks of green, quite different in character and color-tone from the tints of the conifers. Their summer blossoming, in richness and splendid individuality, can be compared only to that of the Magnolias.

Rhododendrons are most effective and most easily cared for when planted in large beds or groups, so that their flowers may be displayed in rich masses. They will grow in any good soil, but are finest in a somewhat sheltered situation where the soil is deep, well drained and mulched with leaves.

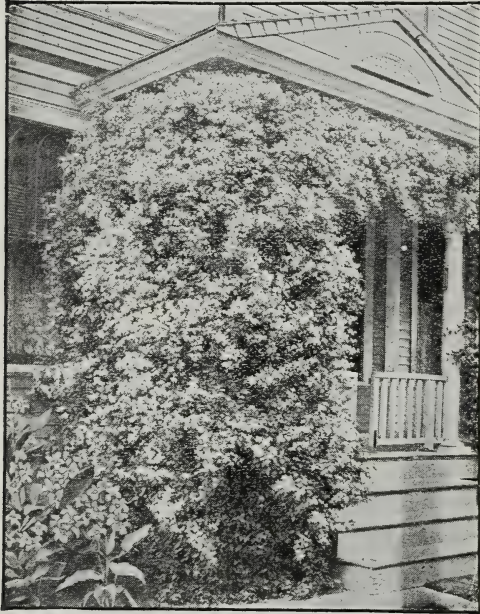
The plants we offer are strong and bushy, well set with flower buds, and will flower nicely the first year. By express or freight, choice named sorts, 18 in., high, \$1.25 each; per 12, \$12.00. Extra strong, 2 ft., and over, \$1.50 each; per 12, \$12.00.



Spirea Van Houttei

Climbing Vines

Ampelopsis or Boston Ivy.—This is one of the finest climbers we have for covering walls, as it clings firmly to the smoothest surface, covering it smoothly with overlapping foliage, giving it the appearance of being shingled with green leaves. The



Clematis

color is at first, deep green in summer, changing to the brightest crimson and yellow in Autumn. It is hardy and becomes more popular each year.

Each, strong plants, field grown, 25 cts.

Virginia Creeper.—A native vine of rapid growth, with large, luxuriant foliage, which in autumn takes on the most gorgeous coloring.

Each, 25 cents.

Bignonia Radicans (Trumpet Flower).—An old time favorite, growing in nearly every old garden. Flowers perfect, trumpet shaped, bright scarlet, a rapid grower; blossoms almost continuous through the summer. Each, 25 cents.

Clematis

Of all the vines used either for shade or decoration, none can compare with the Clematis in its many and varied forms. While the large flowered kinds are not so good for shade until they attain considerable age, their wealth of bloom makes them the grandest embellishments to the porch known.

C. Paniculata.—The most rapid grower of its class. This new Clematis, a native of Japan, has proven entirely hardy, no climbing plant possesses its hardiness and vigor of flowering qualities. Very fragrant foliage beautiful dark green. Each, 25 cents; per 12, \$2.50.

C. Madam Ed. Andre.—Nearest approach to bright red, a distinct crimson red; very free bloomer. Each, 50 cents.

C. Henryi.—Fine, large, creamy white flowers. One of the best of the white varieties; a perpetual bloomer. Each, 25 cents; per doz., \$2.50.

C. Ramona.—A strong rapid grower and very hardy. Flowers very large, color a deep sky blue. Each, 25 cents; per 12, \$2.50.

Honeysuckle or Woodbine

Hall's Japan.—Excellent for trellises, dry banks, fences, etc., giving dense, almost evergreen foliage. Has very fragrant yellow flowers, in constant succession. The best.

Scarlet Trumpet.—One of the showiest honeysuckles, with long tubular, crimson flowers, in bunches during the summer, followed by ornamental scarlet berries.

Monthly Fragrant.—Flowers red and pale yellow. Sweet scented during the summer.

Each, 25 cents.

Wistaria.—Flowers in dense drooping racemes of pale lavender color.

Each, 25 cents.

Cadillac, Mich., May 2, 1910
Grand Mere Nursery, Baroda, Mich.

Gentlemen—I was so well satisfied with the plants you sent me, I am sending you another nice order and enclose express money order to pay for same. Please send goods by express.

W. J. Link, 442 Howard St.

Bevington, Iowa, April 25, 1910
J. W. Dunham.

Dear Sir—Enclosed is express money order, \$1.00 in payment of your bill, dated April 20th. The package of Moore's Early reached Carlisle, Ia., Saturday afternoon, April 23, and are now set out. The vines had good roots and no doubt they will do well. Yours truly, L. T. Bliss



Rose of Sharon

Roses

Hybrid perpetual rose for outdoor planting. These are the June roses, so admirably suited for garden culture, the formation of rosebeds, hedges, etc.

Alfred Colcomb.—Extra large, round flower, very double and full; color, bright carmine crimson. One of the very best dark colored sorts.

Anna de Diesbach.—Brilliant rose color, with long pointed buds and large perfectly formed blossoms; delightfully fragrant. A vigorous grower, and persistent bloomer.

Baron de Bonstetten.—Still the leading dark rose. A splendid shade of dark red, changing to velvety maroon. It blooms very freely and makes a fine shaped bush.

Coquette des Alps.—Large, full, finely formed flower; color, white, sometimes faintly tinged with pale blush; profuse bloomers.

Clio.—The flowers of this magnificent rose are simply perfection in form, with fine broad petals, and are beautiful at all stages of development, from the small bud to the full open flower; color, delicate satin blush, with a light shading of rose pink at the center. Very fine blooming, and strong healthy grower.

Coquette des Blanches.—Of fine form, pure white, with beautiful shell shaped petals. Especially suitable for cemetery planting.

Francois Levet.—Large flower of fine form, on straight, stiff stems; bright, clear rose color. A splendid variety.

Eugene Furst.—In growth and foliage



Coquette des Alps

it is everything that could be desired; strong and vigorous, with healthy foliage. The flower is beautiful shade of velvety crimson, with distinct shading of crimson maroon.

Glorie de Margotin.—Rich dazzling crimson. Makes beautiful long pointed buds; flowers when open, large and good shape. A vigorous grower and remarkably free flowering.

Gloire Lyonnaise.—White, tinged with yellow; large, full, and a splendid shape. The nearest approach to a yellow rose of this class.

General Jacqueminot.—Too well known to require a lengthy description. It still holds first place among the dark red roses, and is one of the most satis-

factory to grow; a rich crimson scarlet; simply a mass of bloom when at its best.

Jubilee.—A very superior addition to this class. Pure red, shading to crimson and maroon at the base of the petal, forming a coloring equal to that of no other rose, the buds are long, held up by long stout flower stems, making it valuable for cut flowers.

Maddasson.—A constant and profuse bloomer, with large, highly scented flowers; color, clear bright red.

Magna Charta.—A general favorite. Prized on account of its strong upright growth, and bright healthy foliage, as well as for its magnificent bloom. The color is beautiful bright pink, suffused with carmine.



Mrs. J. H. Laing.—A grand, free blooming hybrid perpetual, with fine flowers of soft delicate pink with satin cast.

Paul Neyron.—The largest flowered in cultivation, and one of the most prolific bloomers; color deep, clear rose. Very fresh and attractive. The plant is an excellent good grower, making straight shoots four or five feet high in one season; each shoot tipped with an immense flower. Often five inches in diameter.

Prince Camille de Rohan.—One of the darkest colored roses; very dark velvety crimson, changing to intense maroon. A very prolific bloomer, and blooms are of excellent form and size.

Vick's Caprice.—By far the best striped hardy rose. The flowers are large and bud and flower are perfect in form; color, soft satin pink; distinctly striped with carmine. Excellent for cutting.

These are all strong outdoor grown plants. Price 35 cents each; \$3.50 per 12.

Moss Roses

Crimson Globe.—Rich, deep crimson.

Blanche Moreau.—Pure white, large, full and perfect form.

Countess of Murinais.—Large, pure white, beautifully mossed.

Henri Martin.—Large, globular flowers, full and sweet; rich, glossy pink, tinged with crimson.

John Cranston.—Deep crimson, very double.

Princess Adelaide.—Fine, reddish blush; large and vigorous.

Each, strong field grown plants, 40 cents; \$4.00 per 12.

Rambler Roses

We are convinced that they are the most valuable plant introduction of the age. They are all perfectly hardy, and worthy of a place in every garden.

White.—Identical with Crimson Rambler; different only in color, which is pure, clear white.

Dorothy Perkins.—In general habit it closely resembles Crimson Rambler, but of a beautiful shell pink, full, and double, of an unusually large size for a cluster rose.

Pink.—Resembles Crimson Rambler in every respect but color, which in this is clear pink. The mature flowers often change to creamy white when fully matured.

Philadelphia.—Two weeks earlier than the old Crimson Rambler; blossoms all summer, color never fades, bleaches or washes out. Flowers borne in large clusters, completely covering the bush. Individual flowers often 2½ inches across. Perfectly double of a pure, deep, rich crimson, by far more intense than any other Crimson Rambler. In every respect an improvement over the old Crimson Rambler.

Crimson.—Recognized as the most beautiful of crimson climbing roses. Thousands have been planted in the past few years, and almost invariably have given entire satisfaction. Flowers are produced in large pyramidal clusters, thirty-five to forty

in a cluster, completely covering the plant, from the ground to the tip. Nothing is more effective.

Yellow.—Similar to Crimson in style of growth, but individual flowers are larger, and clusters smaller. Color, light canary yellow.

Pshyche.—A seedling of Crimson Rambler. Blooms in clusters of from 8 to 25 flowers, each of a delicate rosy pink shade, suffused salmon and yellow at the base.

Each strong 2-year plants, 35 cents.

Baby Rambler.—This is one of the most practical all around roses ever put on the market. Its color is richly crimson and its clusters are as large as in the ever popular Crimson Rambler, from which it is derived. But its habits are widely different from its parent's.

"Baby Rambler" is strictly a bush and pot rose; and as such can be grown in the house just the same as Clothilde Souper, Mermosa, or any of the old time pot-plant varieties. It is spendthrift and tireless in its blooming, always showing a brilliant crown of crimson against its glossy green leaves, whether as a bush in the summer garden, or as a winter decoration in the house.

Each, strong field grown plants, 50 cents; \$4.50 per 12.

Tree Roses

The Tree Roses are grafted on hardy rose stalks four or five feet high, are tree shaped, and when in full bloom are objects of beauty making handsome plants for the lawn or Rose border. In this shape we offer only the Hybrid perpetual or hardy class. We have them in white, the different shades of pink, red and crimson.



Tree Rose

Each, fine strong trees that will bloom nicely the first year, \$1.00.

BABY RAMBLER TREE ROSE

A most attractive novelty in hardy roses. Budded on strong straight stems four feet high; the round, bushy Baby Rambler tops at all times a perfect mass of crimson bloom. The most florescent and striking of all tree roses. Each, \$1.50.

Hardy Climbing Roses

Desirable for covering trellises, walls or porches as they succeed under any circumstances, blooming in clusters of medium sized flowers profusely throughout the season.



Festiva Maxima

Anne Marie—Rosy pink, changing to blush.

Baltimore Belle—Very double, bluish white.

Dawson—Flowers very double; bright carmine.

Empress of China—Bright pink flowers, practically everblooming.

Multiflora, Japonica—Blooms in clusters of pure white, perfectly hardy, and a very rapid grower.

Prairie Queen—Always popular, bright rosy red.

Ruby Queen—Deep ruby red, with shiney leathery foliage.

Seven Sisters—Crimson, changing all shades, to white.

Each strong plants, 35 cents; \$3.50 per 12.

Gladiolus

We offer the favorite classes and newer varieties, as well as the old. The flowers are of almost every desirable color—brilliant, scarlet, crimson, cream, white, striped, and variegated with spots and blotches in the most curious manner.

America (New Pink Gladiolus)—Color, a beautiful soft flesh-pink, much like "Enchantress" Carnation, except for a slight tinge of lavender, which gives it the delicate coloring of the most beautiful Laelias. Must be seen to be appreciated. Growth is very strong and healthy, producing strong erect spikes of the largest flowers, well set to show the best advantage. Each, 20 cents; \$2.00 per 12.

Augusta—Lovely pure white with blue anthers.

Eugene Scribe—Flowers very large and wide, perfect tender rose, blazed carmine red.

Isaac Buchanan—Fine yellow, one of the best. Each, 5 cents.

Mad. Monnet—Delicate rose, with white stripe in the center of each petal; Carmine blotch on salmon ground. Each, 5 cents; 50 cents per 12.

Unless noted, 10 cents each, 75 cents per 12.

Octoroon—A very distinct and beautiful salmon pink.

Lilies

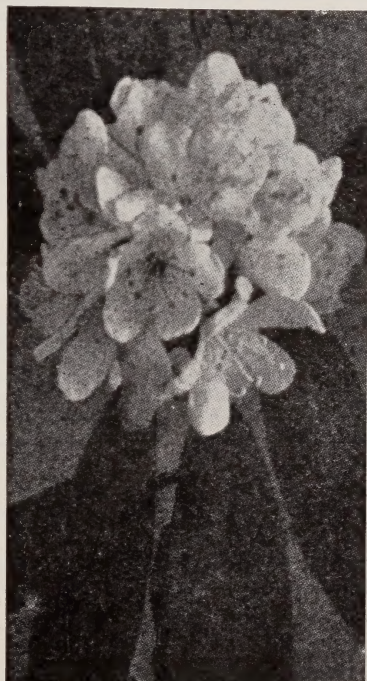
No garden collection can be complete without the Lily prominently established. With no extraordinary care lilies will thrive co-equal with the hardiest garden plants, and by arranging a judicious assortment of varieties a continuous succession of flowers may be had from May until November.

Auratum (Gold-banded Japan Lily)

—Considered by many the finest of all hardy Lilies. Flowers very large, made up of broad wide petals, thickly studded crimson, maroon and a bright golden band through the center of each petal.

Longiflorum—A beautiful well known variety, with snowy white, trumpet shaped flowers that are very fragrant. Blooms in June and July. Each, extra size, 25 cents; \$2.00 per 12.

Tigrinum Splendens (Improved Tiger Lily)—A magnificent form of Tigers, bearing large pyramids of orange red flowers with black spots on polished black stems of great length. Each, 15 cents.



Rhododendrons



A Field of Peonies in Bloom

No garden collection can be complete without the Lily prominently established. With no extraordinary care lilies will thrive co-equal with the hardiest garden plants, and by arranging a judicious assortment of varieties a continuous succession of flowers may be had from May until November.

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Tigrinum Splendens (Improved Tiger Lily).—A magnificent form of Tigers, bearing large pyramids of orange red flowers with black spots on polished black stems of great length. Each, 15 cents.

Peonies

That Herbaceous Peonies are as fine and effective in their way as Rhododendrons or Roses is now being generally recognized. They are harder and more easily cultivated than either of their rivals, and are being used in the same way for bold display color. Their flowers are

very lasting; some of them are finely finished and splendidly colored. Plant in deep, rich, well prepared soil, covering the buds but an inch or two. Do not expect too much of them the first year, as they are a little slow in establishing themselves.

Agida.—Deep crimson maroon; full double flower.

Dorchester (Pink).—One of the latest to bloom. Decidedly dwarf, compact grower; flower very full and double, in color about the shade of La France Rose. Each, 50 cents.

Duke of Wellington.—Creamy white bleaching to pure white. Very large and double.

Festiva Maxima.—About the largest and undoubtedly the most popular Peony of them all. Flowers borne on long stiff stems; the purest white, inner petals slightly tipped carmine. Early. Each, 60 cents.

Officinalis Rubraica (Fl. Pl.).—Rich deep crimson; very early, and one of the best of the dark colored varieties. Unless noted, 25 cents each; \$2.50 per 12.

Tulips

All varieties, double 10 cents each; 75 cents per 12; single 5 cents each; 50 cents per 12.

Baroda Nursery Co., Baroda, Mich.:

Dear Sir—Please find attached check for invoice of November 2, 1910, to me for the amount of \$2.00, per invoice.

The trees and bushes arrived in good shape and I am pleased with their appearance. I have tried my best to plant them in good shape and hope they will give good results. I will send you a few names and it will pay you to write them a personal letter.

Respectfully yours, H. W. Phillipi.

Lafayette, Ind., November 16, 1910.

Dowagiac, Mich., May 3, 1911.

Enos W. Dunham, Baroda, Mich.:

Dear Sir—Enclosed find draft covering order for nursery stock. Plants arrived in fine shape and are the best stock I ever saw.

Sincerely, Dr. H. S. Merwin.

